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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 01/11/2002 10/044,698 Kenneth L. Davis 30566.213-US-01 7955 EXAMINER 22462 7590 04/08/2005 **GATES & COOPER LLP** ALAM, UZMA **HOWARD HUGHES CENTER** ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 6701 CENTER DRIVE WEST, SUITE 1050 LOS ANGELES, CA 90045 2157

DATE MAILED: 04/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/044,698	DAVIS, KENNETH L.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Uzma Alam	2157
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 January 2002.		
	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
 4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>11 January 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive	on No
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.		
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to the application filed on January 11, 2002. Claims 1-27 are pending. Claims 1-27 represent a distributed revision block service.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3-10, 12-19, and 21-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jones et al. US Patent No. 6,493,731 in view of Thackston US Patent No. 6,295,513. Jones teaches the invention as claimed including a document management system (see abstract). Thackston teaches the invention as claimed including a virtual collaborative environment for design (see abstract).

As per claim 1, Jones teaches a method for distributing design document changes comprising:

capturing a representation of a revision block of a document, wherein the revision block documents a history of changes to the document (capturing metadata which are stored as resources to track revision and history in a document; column 4, lines 33-45; coumn 5, lines 11-26; column 6, lines 23-40); and

distributing the representation via a network service (the resources are available on a collaborative network; column 4, lines 33-59).

Jones does not teach a design document. Thackston teaches a design document. See column 8, lines 45-60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the document of Jones with the design document of Thackston. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because Jones supports the execution of a work process operating in a collective working environment of any business (column 4, lines 38-45).

As per claim 3, Jones teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the revision block comprises a table of various document properties (column 6, lines 56-67; column 7, lines 1-4). Jones does not teach a design document. Thackston teaches a design document. See column 8, lines 45-60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the document of Jones with the design document of Thackston. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because Jones supports the execution of a work process operating in a collective working environment of any business (column 4, lines 38-45).

As per claim 4, Jones teaches the method of claim 3, wherein the document properties are customized to meet documentation needs of an organization (column 4, lines 60-67; column 5, lines 1-10; column 7, lines 14-21). Jones does not teach a design document. Thackston teaches a design document. See column 8, lines 45-60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the document of Jones with the design document of Thackston. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because Jones supports the Art Unit: 2157

execution of a work process operating in a collective working environment of any business (column 4, lines 38-45).

As per claim 5, Jones teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the representation is automatically captured (the resources are recorded as metadata; column 5, lines 1-26; column 7, lines 14-22).

As per claim 6, Jones teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the representation is captured transparently to a user (column 5, lines 11-26; column 7, lines 14-38). Jones does not teach a designer. Thackston teaches a designer. See column 8, lines 45-60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the client or user of Jones with the designer of Thackston. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because Jones supports the execution of a work process operating in a collective working environment by any client or user (column 4, lines 38-45).

As per claim 7, Jones teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the representation is distributed to a consumer of the document such that the consumer is notified of changes in the document without having to refer to the document directly (the user can review the document in context of the resource documents; column 5, lines 1-56; column 6, lines 1-21). Jones does not teach a design document. Thackston teaches a design document. See column 8, lines 45-60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the document of Jones with the design

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document of Thackston. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because Jones supports the execution of a work process operating in a collective working environment of any business (column 4, lines 38-45).

As per claim 8, Jones teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising:

updating the representation as additional revisions are added to the revision block

(the resources are updated; column 4, lines 46-60; column 12, lines 56-67; column 9,

lines 31-67) and

redistributing the representation (the resources are stored on the distributed network environment; column 4, lines 46-60).

As per claim 9, Jones teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the distributing comprises transmitting the representation to the network service via a network, wherein the network service transmits the representation:

to a web site used to track revisions for a project (column 11, lines 40-67; column 5, lines 56-67; column 6, lines 1-21);

to a database used for document management (column 5, lines 56-67; column 6, lines 1-21; column 11, lines 40-59); and

in an email to a design document consumer (column 11, lines 54-67; column 12, lines 1-7).

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jones et al.

US Patent No. 6,493,731 in view of Thackston US Patent No. 6,295,513 as applied to

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claims 1, 3-10, 12-19, and 21-27 above, and further in view of Serbinis et al. US Patent No. 6,584,466. Serbinis teaches the invention as claimed including internet document management system (see abstract).

Jones and Thackston teach the method of claim 1, wherein the representation is an metadata representation (the metadata is stored in the document or outside the document, the metadata is information about the document; column 5, lines 20-26; column 6, lines 22-41). Jones and Thackston do not teach a XML representation. Serbinis teaches an XML representation. See column 15, lines 45-67; column 16, lines 1-10. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the metadata of Jones and Thackston with the XML of Serbinis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to use representations on web applications.

Claims 10-18 and 19-27 are rejected under the same rationale as claims 1-9 because they have the same limitations are claims 1-9.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hanson US Patent No. 6,507,865

Cronin et al. US Patent No. 6,772,396

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Uzma Alam whose telephone number is (571) 272-3995.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Tuesday 11:30am-8pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business

Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Uzma alam

Ua

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100